

## Structure of data sd\_type\_flui\_stru

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### Summary:

## Contents

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<a href="#">1 General information.....</a>	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">2 Tree structure of the Structure of Data.....</a>	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">3 Contents of objects JEVEUX.....</a>	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">3.1 Object .FSIC.....</a>	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">3.2 Object .FSVI.....</a>	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">3.3 Object .FSVK.....</a>	<a href="#">6</a>
<a href="#">3.4 Object .FSVR.....</a>	<a href="#">7</a>
<a href="#">3.5 Object .FSGM.....</a>	<a href="#">9</a>
<a href="#">3.6 Object .FSGR.....</a>	<a href="#">10</a>
<a href="#">3.7 Object .FSCR.....</a>	<a href="#">11</a>
<a href="#">3.8 Object .UNITE.FAISCEAU.....</a>	<a href="#">11</a>
<a href="#">3.9 Object .UNITE.GRAPPE.....</a>	<a href="#">11</a>

## 1 General information

The structure of data sd\_type\_flui\_stru store the relative data with a kind of interaction fluid-structure.

## 2 Tree structure of the Structure of Data

- SD\_TYPE\_FLUI\_STRU (K8)
  - ◆ `(11) .FSIC' : OJB S V I
  - ◇ `(11) .FSVI' : OJB S V I
  - ◇ `(11) .FSVK' : OJB S V K8
  - ◇ `(11) .FSVR' : OJB S V R
  - ◇ `(11) .FSGM' : OJB S V K24
  - ◇ `(11) .FSGR' : OJB S V R
  - ◇ `(11) .FSCR' : OJB S V R
  - ◇ `.UNIT\_FAISCEAU : OJB S V I
  - ◇ `.UNIT\_GRAPPES' : OJB S V I

## 3 Contents of objects JEVEUX

### 3.1 Object .FSIC

- `(11) .FSIC' : S V I LONG=2

V (1)	type of configuration of the structure under flow: = 1 if the configuration is FAISCEAU_TRANS = 2 if the configuration is BUNCH = 3 if the configuration is FAISCEAU_AXIAL = 4 if the configuration is COQUE_COAX
V (2)	= 1 if one takes into account the coupling fluid-structure and 0 if not

### 3.2 Object .FSVI

- `(11) .FSVI' : S V I LONG= variable (see below)

For a configuration " FAISCEAU\_TRANS "

V (2)	number of zone ( nbzone )
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If there is coupling fluid-structure

LONG=2+2*nbzone	
V (1)	1 if the step is of square type line ( CARRE_LIGN ) 2 if step is of the triangular type line ( TRIA_LIGN )
V (3 with 2+nbzone)	Indicator defining the experimental configuration for which the coefficients of the couplings were obtained
V (3+nbzone with 2+2*nbzone)	number of point of discretization per zone for the method of Connors

## If there is not coupling fluid-structure

LONG=2	
V (1)	nothing is worth

## For a configuration " BUNCH "

The object does not exist

## For a configuration " FAISCEAU\_AXIAL "

V (1)	1 if the study is carried out on one <u>simplified beam</u> 0 if the study is carried out on one <u>complete beam</u>
V (5)	different number of the type of grid ( nbtype )

## If the study is made on one complete beam

### If grids are used ( nbtype>0 )

LONG=6+nbtype	
V (2)	1 if the beam is directed according to the axis OX 2 if the beam is directed according to the axis OY 3 if the beam is directed according to the axis OZ
V (3)	1 if the enclosure is circular 2 if the enclosure is rectangular
V (4)	number of group of meshes corresponding to the beam
V (6)	full number of grid ( nbgrille )
V (7 with 6+nbtype)	type of grid

### Note:

I nowhere do not find information on the type of grid. I cannot thus make the correspondence between this entirety and the physical representation of the grid

### If one does not use a grid ( nbtype=0 )

LONG=5	
V (2)	1 if the beam is directed according to the axis OX 2 if the beam is directed according to the axis OY 3 if the beam is directed according to the axis OZ
V (3)	1 if the enclosure is circular 2 if the enclosure is rectangular
V (4)	number of group of meshes corresponding to the beam

## If the study is made on one simplified beam

V (4)	number of zone ( nbzone )
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## If one uses grids ( nbtype>0 )

LONG=7+nbtype+nbzone	
V (2)	1 if the beam is directed according to the axis OX 2 if the beam is directed according to the axis OY 3 if the beam is directed according to the axis OZ
V (3)	1 if the enclosure is circular 2 if the enclosure is rectangular
V (6)	number of total tube ( nbtube )
V (7 with 6+nbzone)	number of tube per zone
V (7+nbzone)	number of grid
V (8+nbzone with 7+nbtype+nbzone)	type of grid

## If one does not use a grid ( nbtype=0 )

LONG=6+nbzone	
V (2)	1 if the beam is directed according to the axis OX 2 if the beam is directed according to the axis OY 3 if the beam is directed according to the axis OZ
V (3)	1 if the enclosure is circular 2 if the enclosure is rectangular
V (6)	number of total tube ( nbtube )
V (7 with 6+nbzone)	number of tube per zone

## For a configuration COQUE\_COAX

LONG=2	
V (1)	1 if one takes into account the coupling fluid-structure and 0 if not
V (2)	1 if the beam is directed according to the axis OX 2 if the beam is directed according to the axis OY 3 if the beam is directed according to the axis OZ

### Notice general on object FSVI :

Several information is redundant (in particular the number of zones or the taking into account of the coupling fluid-structure). Moreover same information is not available to the same places according to the configuration what makes very complicated the catch in hand of this operator

## 3.3 Object .FSVK

`(11) .FSVK' : S V K8 LONG=variable (see below)

### For a configuration FAISCEAU\_TRANS

LONG=4+nbzone	
V (1)	name of the concept <code>cara_elem</code> defining the beam
V (2)	' DX ' , ' DY ' or ' DZ ' to indicate the direction according to which applies the forces fluid-rubber bands
V (3)	concept of type function defining the density of the internal fluid
V (4)	concept of type function defining the density of the external fluid
V (5 with 4+nbzone)	concept of type function defining the profile speed of the fluid for each zone

### For a configuration BUNCH

The object exists only if the coupling is active

LONG=4	
V (1)	type of flow corresponding to the experimental configurations
V (2)	names of the node where applies the forces fluid-rubber bands
V (3)	name of the concept <code>sd_cara_elem</code> defining the beam
V (4)	name of the concept <code>sd_modele</code> defining the beam

### For a configuration FAISCEAU\_AXIAL

If the study is made on U N complete beam

LONG=3	
V (1)	concept of type function defining the density of the fluid
V (2)	concept of type function defining the kinematic viscosity of the fluid
V (3)	name of the concept <code>cara_elem</code> defining the beam

If the study is made on one simplified beam

LONG=2	
V (1)	concept of type function defining the density of the fluid
V (2)	concept of type function defining the kinematic viscosity of the fluid

### For a configuration COQUE\_COAX

LONG=3	
V (1)	name of the concept <code>sd_cara_elem</code> defining the beam

V (2)	name of the concept sd_mater defining internal material
V (3)	name of the concept sd_mater defining external material

## 3.4 Object .FSVR

- '(11) .FSVR' : S V R LONG=variable (see below)

### For a configuration FAISCEAU\_TRANS

#### If there is coupling

LONG=3+2*nbzone	
V (1)	coefficient of mass added
V (2)	not reduced
V (3)	density of the tube
V (4) with 3+2*nbzone)	limit interval of the constant of Connors for the method of the same name

#### If there is not coupling

LONG=1	
V (1)	coefficient of mass added

### For a configuration BUNCH

#### The object does not exist that if there is coupling

LONG=2	
V (1)	coefficient of mass added
V (2)	density of the fluid

### For a configuration FAISCEAU\_TRANS

#### If the study is made on one complete beam

<b>If the enclosure is circular</b>	
LONG=8	
V (1 to 4)	value of the vector gravity (intensity and directions)
V (5)	roughness of the tube
V (6 to 8)	characteristics of the circular wall, with in the order coordinates of the centre and

<b>If the enclosure is rectangular</b>	
LONG=10	
V (1 to 4)	value of the vector gravity (intensity and directions)

V (5)	roughness of the tube
V (6 to 10)	characteristics of the rectangular wall, with in the order coordinates of the center then dimensions of the enclosure according to the axis OY and OZ

## If the study is made on a F simplified adze

If the enclosure is circular	
LONG=8+nbzone	
V (1 to 4)	value of the vector gravity (intensity and directions)
V (5)	roughness of the tube
V (6 to 8)	characteristics of the circular wall, with in the order coordinates of the centre and
V (9 with 8+nbzone)	ray of the tubes for each zone

If the enclosure is rectangular	
LONG=10+nbzone	
V (1 to 4)	value of the vector gravity (intensity and directions)
V (5)	roughness of the tube
V (6 to 10)	characteristics of the rectangular wall, with in the order coordinates of the center then dimensions of the enclosure according to axis OY and OZ
V (11 with 10+nbzone)	ray of the tubes for each zone

## For a configuration COQUE\_COAX

LONG=7	
V (1)	density of the fluid
V (2)	kinematic viscosity of the fluid
V (3)	absolute roughness of the walls of the hulls
V (4)	average stationary part of the loss ratios of load as starter
V (5)	dynamic stationary part of the loss ratios of load as starter
V (6)	average stationary part of the loss ratios of load at exit
V (7)	dynamic stationary part of the loss ratios of load at exit

## 3.5 Object .FSGM

### For a configuration FAISCEAU\_TRANS

The object does not exist

### For a configuration BUNCH

The object does not exist

## For a configuration FAISCEAU\_AXIAL

### If the study is made on one complete beam

<b>If the keyword is used TRI_GROUP_MA</b>	
LONG=1	
V (1)	generic name of the whole of the meshes
<b>If the keyword is used GROUP_MA</b>	
LONG=nbma	
V (1 with nbma)	name of the groups of meshes composing the beam

### If the study is made on one simplified beam

LONG=nbzone	
V (1 with nbzone)	name of the group of mesh of each zone

## For a configuration COQUE\_COAX

LONG=2	
V (1)	name of the group of mesh constituting the internal hull
V (2)	name of the group of mesh constituting the external hull

## 3.6 Object .FSGR

`(11) .FSGR' : S V R LONG=nbgrille+6\*natype

This object exists only in one configuration FAISCEAU\_AXIAL with taking into account of grid

V (1 with nbgrille)	list of the coordinates of the point medium of each grid
V (1+nbgrille with nbgrille+natype)	length of the grid for each type of grid
V (1+nbgrille+natype with nbgrille+2*natype)	width of the grid for each type of grid
V (1+nbgrille+2*natype with nbgrille+3*natype)	thickness of the grid for each type of grid
V (1+nbgrille+3*natype with nbgrille+4*natype)	coefficient of drag of the grid for each type of grid
V (1+nbgrille+4*natype with nbgrille+5*natype)	coefficient of bearing pressure of the grid for each type of grid
V (1+nbgrille+5*natype with nbgrille+6*natype)	roughness of the grid for each type of grid

## 3.7 Object .FSCR

`'(11) .FSCR' : S V R LONG=2*nbtube`

This object exists only in one configuration `FAISCEAU_AXIAL` with simplified representation

V (1 2*nbtube)	with	list of the coordinates of the centers of the tubes (X-coordinate followed by ordinate for each tube)
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## 3.8 Object .UNITE.FAISCEAU

`'UNITE.FAISCEAU' : S V I LONG=2`

This object exists only in one configuration `FAISCEAU_TRANS`

V (1)	logical number of unit of the providing file of the useful values (by default 70)
V (2)	logical number of unit of the providing file of other useful values (by default 71)

## 3.9 Object .UNITE.GRAPPE

`'UNITE.GRAPPE' : S V I LONG=2`

This object exists only in one configuration `BUNCH`

V (1)	logical number of unit of the providing file of the useful values (by default 70)
V (2)	logical number of unit of the providing file of other useful values (by default 71)