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## Procedure IMPR\_GENE

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### 1 Drank

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To write result dynamic computation in variables generalized on a file, with format "RESULTAT".

Currently this procedure makes it possible to write results in generalized variables resulting from the following concepts:

- tran\_gene ,
- vect\_asse\_gene ,
- harm\_gene,
- mode\_gene.

## 2 Syntax

```

IMPR_GENE (
  ◊FORMAT=/                                "RESULTAT",                [DEFAULT]
  ◊UNITE=/unit                              ,                            [I]
                                          /8,                            [DEFAULT]
  ◆GENE=_F (
# If RESU_GENE = [vect_asse_gene]
  /◆RESU_GENE=tg                            ,                            /
  [vect_asse_gene]
  ◊/TOUT_CMP_GENE=/                          "OUI",
[DEFAULT]
                                          / "NON",
  /NUME_CMP_GENE                             =lordre ,                    [l_I]
# If RESU_GENE = [harm_gene] or [mode_gene]
  /◆RESU_GENE=tg                            ,                            ~
[harm_gene]
                                          ~
                                          [mode_gene]
  ◊/TOUT_CHAM=/                              "NON",
                                          / "OUI",                [DEFAULT]
  /NOM_CHAM                                  =l_cham ,                    [l_Kn]
  ◊/TOUT_PARA=/                              "OUI",                [DEFAULT]
                                          / "NON",
  /NOM_PARA                                  =lnomsymb ,                [l_Kn]
  ◊/TOUT_CMP_GENE=/                          "OUI",
[DEFAULT]
                                          / "NON",
  /NUME_CMP_GENE                             =lordre ,                    [l_I]
  ◊/◊/TOUT_ORDRE=' OUI',                    [DEFAULT]
  /NUME_ORDRE                                =lordre ,                    [l_I]
  /LIST_ORDRE                                =lent ,                    [listis]
  ◊/TOUT_MODE=' OUI',
[DEFAULT]
  /NUME_MODE                                  =lmode ,                    [l_I]
  /◊/FREQ=lfreq                              ,                            [l_R]
  /LIST_FREQ                                  =lreel ,                    [listr8]
  ◊CRITERE=/                                  "ABSOLU",
                                          / "RELATIF",            [DEFAULT]
  ◊PRECISION=/prec                          ,                            [R]
                                          /1.E-06 ,                [DEFAULT]
# If RESU_GENE = [tran_gene]
  /◆RESU_GENE=tg                            ,                            ,
[tran_gene]
  ◊/TOUT_CHAM=' OUI',
[DEFAULT]
  /NOM_CHAM                                  =l_cham ,                    [l_Kn]
  ◊/TOUT_CMP_GENE=/                          "OUI",
                                          / "NON",
  /NUME_CMP_GENE                             =lordre ,                    [l_I]
  ◊/◊/TOUT_ORDRE=' OUI',                    [DEFAULT]
  /NUME_ORDRE                                =lordre ,                    [l_I]
  /LIST_ORDRE                                =lent ,                    [listis]
  /◊/INST=linst                              ,                            [l_R]
  /LIST_INST                                  =lreel ,                    [listr8]
  /TOUT_INST                                  = ' OUI',
[DEFAULT]

```

Warning : The translation process used on this website is a "Machine Translation". It may be imprecise and inaccurate in whole or in part and is provided as a convenience.

```
        ◇CRITERE=/                "ABSOLU",  
                                / "RELATIF", [DEFAULT]  
        ◇PRECISION=/prec          / "1.E-03", [R]  
                                / "1.E-03", [DEFAULT]  
        ◇INFO_CMP_GENE=/          "OUI", [DEFAULT]  
                                / "NON",  
        ◇SOUS_TITER=txt           , [kN]  
        ◇INFO_GENE=               `OUI',  
                                "NON",  
    ),  
)
```

## 3 Key word GENE

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This factor key word makes it possible to specify the results to print. At least a block factor of the key word is necessary for each result that one wishes to print.

## 4 Operand RESU\_GENE

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This key word makes it possible to specify the name user of the concept of the `tran_gene` type, `vect_asse_gene`, `harm_gene` or `mode_gene` to be printed.

## 5 Variables of access if concept of the type `vect_asse_gene`

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### 5.1 Operands TOUT\_CMP\_GENE / NUME\_CMP\_GENE

key word `TOUT_CMP_GENE` indicates that one wants or not to print the fields for all the numbers of generalized components (except those which correspond to d.o.f. of Lagrange).

Key word `NUME_CMP_GENE` indicates that one wants to print the fields which correspond to a list of numbers of generalized components.

## 6 Variables of access if concept of the `mode_gene` type or `harm_gene`

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### 6.1 Extraction of a field of result: operands TOUT\_CHAM / NOM\_CHAM

key word `TOUT_CHAM` indicates that one wants to print all the actually calculated fields.

Key word `NOM_CHAM` makes it possible to choose a list of symbolic names of fields among all the possible ones.

### 6.2 Extraction of a parameter: operands TOUT\_PARA / NOM\_PARA

key word `TOUT_PARA` indicates that one wants or not to print all the values of the parameters attached to the concept considered.

Key word `NOM_PARA` makes it possible to choose a list of symbolic names of parameters among all the possible ones.

These key words are available only for the concept of the `mode_gene` type.

### 6.3 Operands TOUT\_CMP\_GENE / NUME\_CMP\_GENE

key word `TOUT_CMP_GENE` indicates that one wants to print the fields for all the numbers of generalized components (except those which correspond to d.o.f. of Lagrange).

Key word `NUME_CMP_GENE` indicates that one wants to print the fields which correspond to a list of numbers of generalized components.

## 6.4 Operands TOUT\_ORDRE / NUME\_ORDRE / LIST\_ORDRE

key word `TOUT_ORDRE` indicates that one wants to print the fields for all the sequence numbers.

Key word `NUME_ORDRE` and `LIST_ORDRE` make it possible to print only the fields corresponding to a list of sequence numbers `lordre` or `slow` defined by `DEFI_LIST_ENTI` [U4.34.02] (`slow` is thus a concept of the `listis` type).

## 6.5 Operands TOUT\_MODE / NUME\_MODE

key word `TOUT_MODE` indicates that one wants to print the fields for all the numbers of mode.

Key word `NUME_MODE` indicates that one wants to print the fields corresponding to a list of numbers of mode `mode`. These numbers are those affected by the calculation algorithm.

This key word is usable only for one concept of the `mode_gene` type.

## 6.6 Operands FREQ / LIST\_FREQ

key word `FREQ` indicates that one wants to print the fields corresponding to a list of frequency `lfreq`.

Key word `LIST_FREQ` by the operator indicates that one wants to print the fields corresponding to a list of frequencies `lreel`, definite `DEFI_LIST_REEL` [U4.34.01] (`lreel` is thus a concept of the `listr8` type).

This key word is usable for a concept of the `harm_gene` type, and possibly `mode_gene`.

## 6.7 Operands CRITERE / accuracy

the key word `accuracy` indicates with which accuracy one must carry out the search of the frequency of computation.

Key word `CRITERE` indicates with which type of interval of accuracy the search of the frequency of interpolation must be carried out:

```
"ABSOLU" : interval of search [Fr-PREC, fr+prec]
"RELATIF": interval of search [(1-PREC) Fr, (1+prec) Fr]
```

## 7 Variable of access if concept of the type `tran_gene`

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### 7.1 Extraction of a field of result

- Operands `TOUT_CHAM / NOM_CHAM`  
See [§6.1].
- Operands `TOUT_CMP_GENE / NUME_CMP_GENE`  
See [§6.3]
- Operands `TOUT_ORDRE / NUME_ORDRE / LIST_ORDRE`  
See [§6.4].

### 7.2 Operands `INST / LIST_INST / CRITERE / accuracy`

the key word `INST` indicates that one wants to print the fields corresponding to a list of times `linst`.

Key word `LIST_INST` by the operator indicates that one wants to print the fields corresponding to a list of times `lreel`, definite `DEFI_LIST_REEL [U4.34.01]` (`lreel` is thus a concept of the `listr8` type).

For `CRITERE / accuracy` to see [§6.7] (by replacing frequency per time).

## 8 Parameters of printing of the results

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### 8.1 Operand `SOUS_TITRE`

This argument makes it possible to print a title of comments.

### 8.2 Operand `FORMAT`

Format of printing of the results in the output file.

For time only result format is available.

### 8.3 Operand `UNITE`

the results are written, by default, on the results file `.`. But the user can define another output file of which it indicates the logical unit. [U4.12.01].

### 8.4 Operand `INFO_GENE`

During the printing of a generalized concept, one can have forgotten the exact contents of data structure. Operand `INFO_GENE` makes it possible to print these contents (many sequence numbers, list of symbolic names of the actually calculated fields, list of symbolic names of the actually calculated parameters,...).

### 8.5 Extraction of a genealogy of modele generalized: operand `INFO_CMP_GENE`

This key word indicates that one wants or not to print for each generalized component the name of the concept `base_modale` or `mode_meca` from which the mode corresponding to this component is resulting, his type (clean or constrained), his frequency and the node of application of this mode if it is constrained.

## 8.6 Stage of execution

For the concepts `tran_gene` and `harm_gene`, one checks that times (frequencies) of extraction required by operands `NUME_ORDRE`, `LIST_ORDRE`, `INST`, `LIST_INST`, (`FREQ`, `LIST_FREQ`) are in the field of definition of the concept. It is also checked that the fields stipulated by key words `TOUT_CHAM`, `NOM_CHAM`, were indeed calculated.

For the concept `mode_gene`, one checks that the names of parameters specified by the key word `NOM_PARA` are quite acceptable. If the number of the mode is selected by operand `NUME_MODE`, it is checked that this number is lower than the nombre total of modes which define the `mode_gene`.

## 9 Printing

### 9.1 examples of a `vect_asse_gene`

```
IMPR_GENE      (GENE =      _F (          RESU_GENE= fgen,
                                NUME_CMP_GENE=  "YES"   ),
                _F (          RESU_GENE= fgen,
                                INFO_CMP_GENE=  "NON",
                                NUME_CMP_GENE=   1      )
                )
```

the following printing is obtained:

```
CONCEPTFGENDE          TYPE VECT_ASSE_GENE
                                NUME_CMPVALEURBASE_MODALTYPE_MODEFREQUENCEAPPLICATION
                                11.00000E+00BAM01_CLPROPRE2.25079E-01
                                25.00000E-01BAM01_CLCONSTRAINT0.00000E+00N03DX
                                30.00000E+00BAM02_CLPROPRE2.25079E-01
                                40.00000E+00BAM02_CLCONSTRAINT0.00000E+00N01DX

CONCEPTFGENDE          TYPE VECT_ASSE_GENE

NUME_CMPVALEUR
    11.00000E+00
```

### 9.2 Printing of a `mode_gene`

```
IMPR_GENE      (GENE = _F (          RESU_GENE= resgen,
                                INFO_GENE=      "YES",
                                NUME_ORDRE=    1,
                                NOM_PARA=      ("FREQ", "MASS_GENE", "RIGI_GENE"),
                                INFO_CMP_GENE=  "NON" ),
                _F (          RESU_GENE= resgen,
                                NUME_CMP_GENE=  (1, 3),
                                NUME_ORDRE = 1,
                                NOM_PARA=      ("FREQ", "MASS_GENE", "RIGI_GENE"),
                                INFO_CMP_GENE=  "YES" )
                )
```

