

## PERF015 - Benchmark for the scalability of elementary calculations

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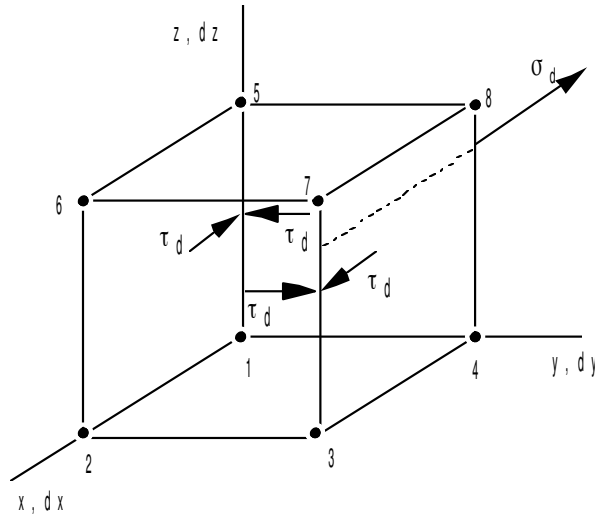
### Summary:

The solved problem is a nonlinear quasi-static problem of mechanics of the structures in transient. This test shows the performances of the operator `STAT_NON_LINE` in parallel. The characteristic of this test lies in the fact that the essence of time CPU passed in elementary calculations.

Only one modeling is put in work. It tests the behavior `VISCOCHAB` with an implicit integration and constant coefficients of material, with a coherent tangent matrix with each iteration. This modeling is declined on numbers different of processors (1, 2.4 and 8).

## 1 Problem of reference

### 1.1 Geometry



Face YZ : (1, 4, 5, 8)  
Face XZ : (1, 2, 5, 6)  
Face 1YZ : (2, 3, 6, 7)  
Face 1XZ : (4, 3, 8, 7)

$\sigma_d$  : pression imposée  
 $\tau_d$  : cisaillement imposé

### 1.2 Material properties

Isotropic elasticity  $E = 145\,000\text{ MPa}$   $\nu = 0.3$

Model viscoplasticity VISCOCHAB

K	35 MPa	B	12	ETA	0.04	C2	65000 MPa
A_K	1.	M_R	2	C1	1950 MPa	M_2	4
A_R	0.65	G_R	$2.10^{-7}$	M_1	4	D2	$0.552 \cdot 10^{-1}$
K_0	$70\text{ MPa S}^{1/N}$	DRIVE N	19	D1	$0.397 \cdot 10^{-3}$	G_X2	$1.10^{-12}$
NR	24	Q_M	460	G_X1	$2.10^{-13}$	G2_0	$1300\text{ MPa}$
					$\text{Mpa m}^{-1} \text{S}^{-1}$		
ALP	0 MPa	Q_0	40 MPa	G1_0	50 MPa	A_I	0.5
		QR_0	200 MPa				

### 1.3 Boundary conditions and loadings

N6  $dx = dy = dz = 0$

Face XZ :  $FX = -\tau_d/4$

N7  $dx = dy = 0$

Face YZ :  $FY = -\tau_d/4$ ,  $FX = -\sigma_d/4$

N2, N3  $dy = 0$

Face 1XZ :  $FX = \tau_d/4$

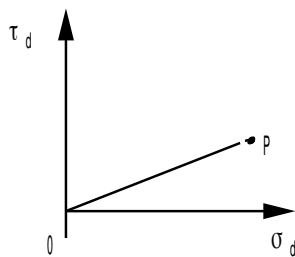
N2, N3, N6  $dx = 0$

Face 1YZ :  $FY = \tau_d/4$ ,  $FZ = \sigma_d/4$

, N7

### 1.4 Initial conditions

Worthless constraints and deformations with  $t = 0$ .



$\sigma_d(t)$  and  $\tau_d(t)$  linear, the point  $P$  being reached in  $10\text{ s}$  with  $\sigma_d(10)=150\text{ MPa}$  and  $\tau_d(10)=60\text{ MPa}$ .

## 2 Reference solution

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### 2.1 Method of calculating

The value tested corresponds to the value of the stress field by elements (component  $\sigma_{xx}$ ) at the noted point 1 on the preceding diagram. Calculation is carried out only until  $t=0,5\text{ s}$ .

### 2.2 Result of reference

Not 1 :  $\sigma_{xx}=162,10859551785\text{ MPa}$

### 2.3 Uncertainty

Digital solution (not regression).

## 3 Modeling A

### 3.1 Characteristics of modeling

Machine	Version	Memory (Mo)		Number DDL	Time execution (STAT_NON_LINE) (dryness)			
		Allocat ed	Used		TO USE	SYSTEM	TO USE +SYS	ELAPSED
Aster4	11.2.19	400	206.56	431	1 356.8	11.6	1368.4	1368.4

## 4 Modeling B

Machine	Version	Memory (Mo)		Number DDL	Time execution (STAT_NON_LINE) (dryness)			
		Allocat ed	Used		TO USE	SYSTEM	TO USE +SYS	ELAPSED
Aster4	11.2.19	400	311	431	672.6	11.0	683.7	695.0

## 5 Modeling C

Machine	Version	Memory (Mo)		Number DDL	Time execution (STAT_NON_LINE) (dryness)			
		Allocat ed	Used		TO USE	SYSTEM	TO USE +SYS	ELAPSED
Aster4	11.2.19	400	320.46	431	363	6.53	369.5	373.1

## 6 Modeling D

Machine	Version	Memory (Mo)		Number DDL	Time execution (STAT_NON_LINE) (dryness)			
		Allocat ed	Used		TO USE	SYSTEM	TO USE +SYS	ELAPSED
Aster4	11.2.19	400	323.36	431	182.4	14.0	196.5	208.5