

SSLS127 – Inflection of a reinforced concrete flagstone (model `GLRC_DAMAGE`) supported on 4 with dimensions: elastic mode of plate

Summary:

This test represents the calculation of a reinforced concrete flagstone, in inflection, subjected to a pressure. It makes it possible to validate modeling `DKTG` with model `GLRC_DAMAGE` for the linear elastic behavior and modeling `Q4GG` with the model `ELAS`. The flagstone is in simple supports on its four with dimensions.

Four modelings are carried out:

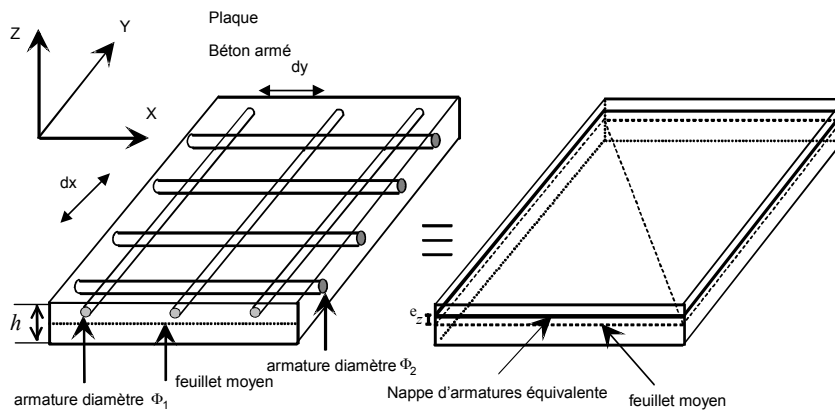
- 1) Modeling A makes it possible to test the model `DKTG` with `TRIA3`
- 2) Modeling B makes it possible to test the model `DKTG` with `QUAD4`
- 3) Modeling C makes it possible to test the model `Q4GG` with `TRIA3`
- 4) Modeling D makes it possible to test the model `Q4GG` with `QUAD4`

1 Problem of reference

1.1 Geometry

Square flagstone, length $l=1.8\text{ m}$, thickness $h=0.12\text{ m}$, in simple support on the four edges. The reinforcement of inflection is parallel to the edges; it is identical on each of the two faces and in each of the two directions (dx , dy being spacings of irons in the directions x and y). The coating of the longitudinal irons closest to the faces is of 22 mm . The coating of irons compared to the side edges of the flagstone of 2 cm is neglected. The table hereafter recapitulates the data of reinforcement. Geometrical percentage of steel μ is given for a face in a direction.

| Diameter of the reinforcements | Spacing | Section steel/section of the concrete | distance roasts/average surface of the flagstone |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| $\Phi=0,01\text{ m}$ | $dx=dy=0,1\text{ m}$ | $\mu=0,65$ | $e_s=\pm 0,038\text{ m}$ |



One notes $a_x = \frac{A_x}{d_x}$ and $a_y = \frac{A_y}{d_y}$ rates of reinforcement (here: $a_x = a_y = 7,854 \cdot 10^{-4}$), A_x (A_y)

being the surface of the section of an iron bar in the direction x (y); e_s is the distance from the tablecloths on the average surface.

1.2 Material properties

The mechanical properties of steels are the following ones:

| Young modulus E_a | Poisson's ratio | Yield stress with 0.2% σ_y | Rupture limit σ_r | Slope of work hardening | Lengthening with rupture |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 210000 MPa | 0.3 | 500 MPa | 570 MPa | 473 MPa | 15% |

Those of the concrete are the following ones:

| Young modulus E_b | Poisson's ratio | Resistance in compression σ_c | Resistance in traction σ_t |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 35700 MPa | 0.22 | 52,5 MPa | 4,4 MPa |

1.3 Boundary conditions and loadings

- The boundary conditions are summarized in simple supports: vertical displacement blocked and free rotations on the four edges of the flagstone.
- Uniform pressure $p = 0,01 \text{ MPa}$

1.4 Initial conditions

Without object.

2 Reference solution

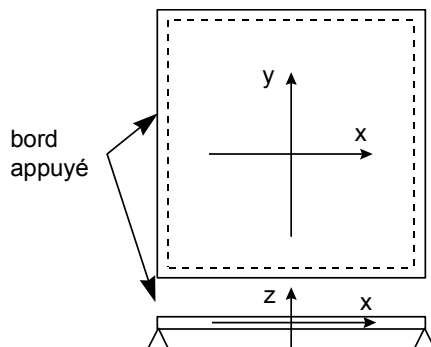
2.1 Method of calculating used for the reference solution

Elastic relations, connecting the membrane efforts N and of inflection M with the membrane deformations ϵ and curves κ and taking account of two symmetrical grids, are written:

$$N = \left(\frac{E_b h}{1 - \nu_b^2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \nu_b & 0 \\ \nu_b & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1 - \nu_b}{2} \end{bmatrix} + 2 E_a \begin{bmatrix} a_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \epsilon$$

$$M = \left(\frac{E_b h^3}{12(1 - \nu_b^2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \nu_b & 0 \\ \nu_b & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1 - \nu_b}{2} \end{bmatrix} + 2 E_a e_s^2 \begin{bmatrix} a_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \kappa$$

As regards a configuration paves, one assigns to the concrete the usual Poisson's ratio $\nu_b = 0,22$. The flagstone is simply pressed on the four edges:



The stiffness of equivalent inflection is:

$$D_{\acute{e}q} = \frac{E_b h^3}{12(1 - \nu_b^2)} + 2 E_a e_s^2 a_x,$$

that is to say here: $D_{\acute{e}q} = 5,8786 \text{ MNm}$;

$$\text{Moreover: } \nu_{\acute{e}q} = \frac{\nu_b E_b h^3}{12(1 - \nu_b^2) D_{\acute{e}q}},$$

that is to say: $\nu_{\acute{e}q} = 0,2022$

| Size | Expression |
|--|--|
| Arrow in the center under pressure [2] | $w = \frac{0,0464 pl^4}{12(1 - \nu_{\acute{e}q}^2) D_{\acute{e}q}}$ |
| Curve in the center [2] | $\kappa_{xx} = \kappa_{yy} = \frac{0,04784 pl^2}{(1 + \nu_{\acute{e}q}) D_{\acute{e}q}}$ |
| Total moment in the center [2] | $M_{xx} = M_{yy} = 0,04784 pl^2$ |

2.2 Results of reference

For modelings A and B in which one validates law GLRC_DAMA with elements DKTG:

- Arrow in the center under pressure: $w = 6,926 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ m}$
- Curve in the center: $\kappa_{xx} = \kappa_{yy} = 2,193 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^{-1}$
- Total moment in the center: $M_{xx} = M_{yy} = 1550 \text{ Nm/ml}$

For modelings C and D in which one validates law ELAS with elements DKTG:

- Arrow in the center under pressure: $w = 7,895 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ m}$

- Curve in the center: $\kappa_{xx} = \kappa_{yy} = 2,351 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^{-1}$
- Total moment in the center: $M_{xx} = M_{yy} = 1550 \text{ Nm/ml}$

2.3 Uncertainty on the solution

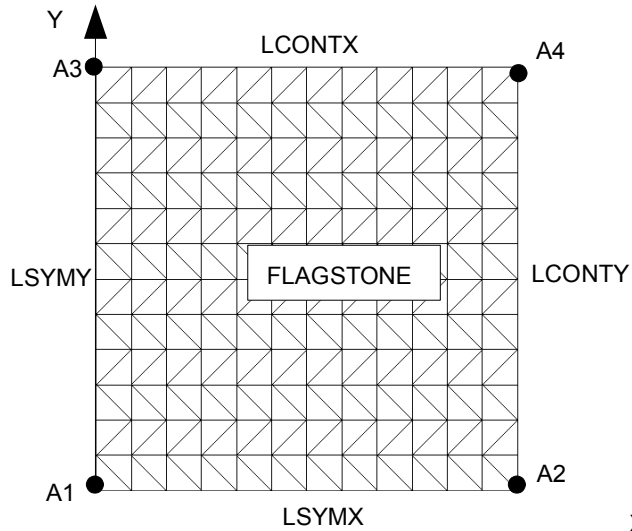
Analytical solution.

2.4 Bibliographical references

- [1] KOEHLIN P., MILL S., "Model total behavior of the reinforced concrete plates under dynamic loading of inflection: Law GLRC", Notes EDF/R & D /AMA HT-62/01/028A.
- [2] J.Dulac, "elastoplastic dynamic Behavior of the reinforced concrete flagstones. Tests CEMETE – December 1979 – Flagstones 8 to 12": EDF note: ESE/GC/82/13/A

3 Modeling A

3.1 Characteristics of modeling



Modeling Q4GG (TRIA3)

- Boundary conditions:
 - . Dimensioned *A2A4* : $DZ = 0$
- Conditions of symmetry
 - . Dimensioned *A1A2* :
 $DY = DRX = 0$
 - . Dimensioned *A1A3* :
 $DX = DRY = 0$

The flagstone is symmetrical compared to the plans ($X=0$) and ($Y=0$), calculations are carried out on a quarter of the flagstone.

3.2 Characteristics of the grid

Many nodes: 169
Number of meshes and type: 288 TRIA3

3.3 Sizes tested and results

| Identification | Type of reference | Reference | Tolerance (%) |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| <i>DZ(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $6,926 \cdot 10^{-5}$ | 5 % |
| <i>MXX(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550 | 8 % |
| <i>MYY(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550 | 8 % |
| <i>KXX(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,193 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | 8 % |
| <i>KYY(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,193 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | 8 % |

The sizes are expressed in the reference mark defined by the nautical angles $\alpha = 33^\circ$ and $\beta = 12^\circ$

| Identification | Type of reference | Reference | Tolerance |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| <i>DZ(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $6,926 \cdot 10^{-5}$ | 5 % |
| <i>MXX(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550.0 | 8 % |
| <i>MYY(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550.0 | 8 % |
| <i>MXZ(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 0. | 2. |
| <i>KXX(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,193 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | 8 % |
| <i>KYY(AI)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,193 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | 8 % |

| | | | |
|-----------|--------------|----|-------|
| $KXY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 0. | 0,001 |
|-----------|--------------|----|-------|

| Identification | | | Type of reference | Reference | Tolérance% |
|----------------|--------|---------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| MXX | $M266$ | Point 3 | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 1445.794 | 1.e-6 |
| MYX | $M266$ | Point 3 | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 1447.847 | 1.e-6 |
| MXY | $M266$ | Point 3 | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 0,526 | 1.e-6 |
| KXX | $M266$ | Point 3 | 'NON_REGRESSION' | $2.14096 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | 1.e-6 |
| KYY | $M266$ | Point 3 | 'NON_REGRESSION' | $2.14565 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | 1.e-6 |
| KXY | $M266$ | Point 3 | 'NON_REGRESSION' | $1.2018 \cdot 10^{-7}$ | 1.e-6 |

3.4 Remarks

The coefficients of the following matrices of elasticity, used during calculations, were calculated with $\nu_b=0,22$:

- 1) Matrix of elasticity out of membrane: $\begin{bmatrix} 4832 & 990,4 & 0 \\ 990,4 & 4832 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1756 \end{bmatrix} 10^6 \text{ N/m}$
- 2) Matrix of elasticity in inflection: $\begin{bmatrix} 5,879 & 1,188 & 0 \\ 1,188 & 5,879 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2,107 \end{bmatrix} 10^6 \text{ N/m}$

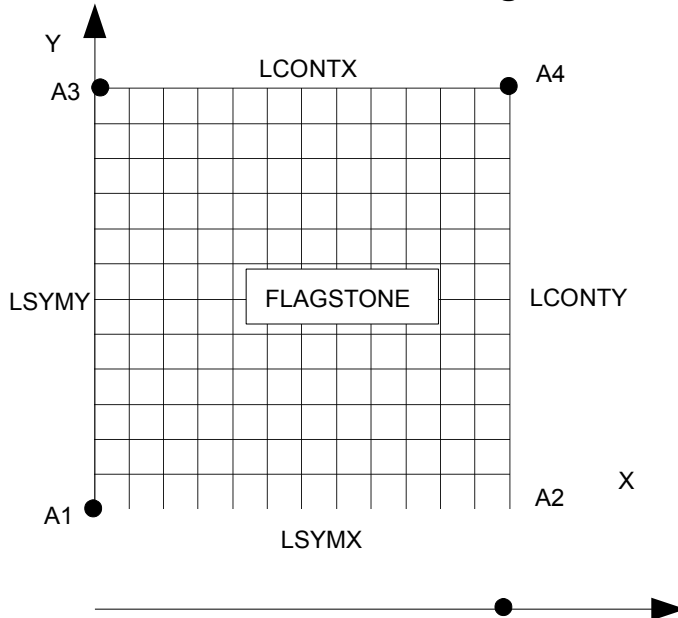
To be certain to remain in the elastic range, the yield stresses expressed in the reference mark of orthotropism, are fixed arbitrarily at a very high value:

1. Yield stresses in positive inflection:
 - Directorate X: $1 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ MNm/ml}$
 - Direction there: $1 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ MNm/ml}$
2. Yield stresses in negative inflection:
 - Directorate X: $-1 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ MNm/ml}$
 - Direction there: $-1 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ MNm/ml}$

As the structure remains in the elastic range, the kinematic coefficient of recall (constant of Prager) can take an unspecified value.

4 Modeling B

4.1 Characteristics of modeling



Modeling Q4GG (QUAD4)

- Boundary conditions:

- . Dimensioned A2A4 : $DZ=0$
- . Dimensioned A3A4 : $DZ=0$

- Conditions of symmetry

- . Dimensioned A1A2 :
 $DY = DRX = 0$
- . Dimensioned A1A3 :
 $DX = DRY = 0$

The flagstone is symmetrical compared to the plans ($X=0$) and ($Y=0$), calculations are carried out on a quarter of the flagstone.

4.2 Characteristics of the grid

Many nodes: 169

Number of meshes and type: 144 QUAD4

4.3 Sizes tested and results

| Identification | Type of reference | Reference | Tolerance (%) |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| $DZ(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $6,926.10^{-5}$ | 5 % |
| $MXX(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550 | 8 % |
| $MYY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550 | 8 % |
| $KXX(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,193.10^{-4}$ | 8 % |
| $KYY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,193.10^{-4}$ | 8 % |

The sizes are expressed in the reference mark defined by the nautical angles $\alpha=33^\circ$ and $\beta=12^\circ$.

| Identification | Type of reference | Reference | Tolerance |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| $DZ(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $6,926.10^{-5}$ | 5 % |
| $MXX(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550.0 | 8 % |
| $MYY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550.0 | 8 % |
| $MXY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 0. | 2. |
| $KXX(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,193 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | 8 % |
| $KYY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,193 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | 8 % |
| $KXY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 0. | 0,001 |

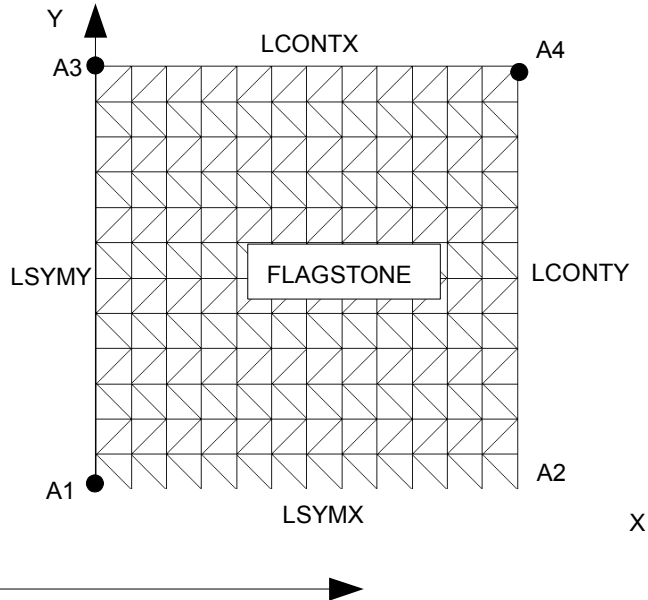
| Identification | | | Type of reference | Reference | Tolérance % |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| <i>MXX</i> | <i>M133</i> | <i>Point 4</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 1444.999 | 1.e-6 |
| <i>MYY</i> | <i>M133</i> | <i>Point 4</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 1447.976 | 1.e-6 |
| <i>MXY</i> | <i>M133</i> | <i>Point 4</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | -0.6626 | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KXX</i> | <i>M133</i> | <i>Point 4</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 2.1394 10 ⁻⁴ | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KYY</i> | <i>M133</i> | <i>Point 4</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 2.1462 10 ⁻⁴ | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KXY</i> | <i>M133</i> | <i>Point 4</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | -1.5151 10 ⁻⁷ | 1.e-6 |

4.4 Remarks

See remarks of modeling A

5 Modeling C

5.1 Characteristics of modeling



Modeling Q4GG (TRIA3)

- Boundary conditions:
 - . Dimensioned *A2A4* : $DZ=0$
- Conditions of symmetry
 - . Dimensioned *A1A2* :
 $DY = DRX = 0$
 - . Dimensioned *A1A3* :
 $DX = DRY = 0$

The flagstone is symmetrical compared to the plans ($X=0$) and ($Y=0$), calculations are carried out on a quarter of the flagstone.

5.2 Characteristics of the grid

Many nodes: 169
Number of meshes and type: 288 TRIA3

5.3 Sizes tested and results

| Identification | Type of Reference | Reference | % Tolerance |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| <i>DZ (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $7,895.10^{-5}$ | 8 % |
| <i>MXX (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550 | 3 % |
| <i>MYX (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550 | 3 % |
| <i>KXX (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,351.10^{-4}$ | 3 % |
| <i>KYY (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,351.10^{-4}$ | 3 % |

The sizes are expressed in the reference mark defined by the nautical angles $\alpha=33^\circ$ and $\beta=12^\circ$

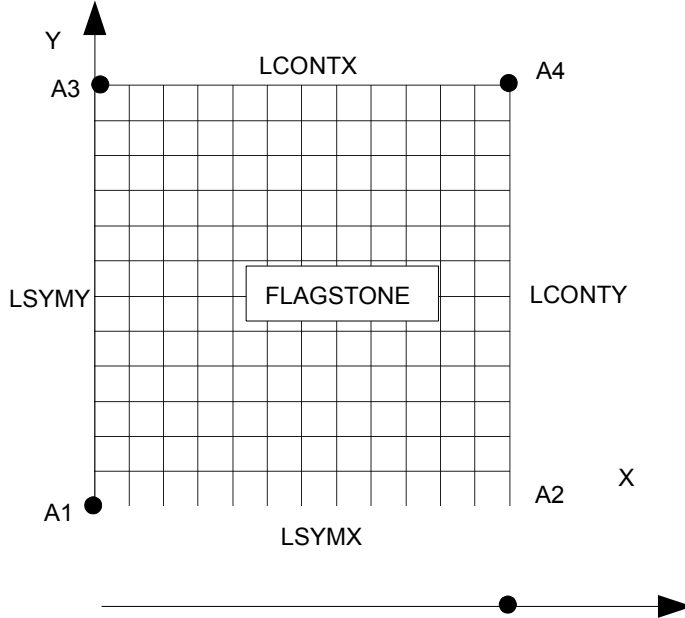
| Identification | Type of reference | Reference | Tolerance |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| <i>DZ (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $7,895.10^{-5}$ | 8 % |
| <i>MXX (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550.0 | 3 % |
| <i>MYX (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550.0 | 3 % |
| <i>MXZ (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 0. | 0.1 |
| <i>KXX (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,351.10^{-4}$ | 3 % |
| <i>KYY (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,351.10^{-4}$ | 3 % |
| <i>KXZ (A1)</i> | 'ANALYTICAL' | 0. | 0,001 |

| Identification | | | Type of reference | Reference | Tolérance% |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------|
| <i>MXX</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 1506.61 | 1.e-6 |
| <i>MYX</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 1506.70 | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KXX</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 2,228 10 ⁻⁴ | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KYY</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 2,228 10 ⁻⁴ | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KXY</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 2.31 10 ⁻⁸ | 1.e-6 |

5.4 Remarks

6 Modeling D

6.1 Characteristics of modeling



Modeling Q4GG (QUAD4)

- Boundary conditions:

- . Dimensioned A2A4 : $DZ=0$
- . Dimensioned A3A4 : $DZ=0$

- Conditions of symmetry

- . Dimensioned A1A2 :
 $DY = DRX = 0$
- . Dimensioned A1A3 :
 $DX = DRY = 0$

The flagstone is symmetrical compared to the plans ($X=0$) and ($Y=0$), calculations are carried out on a quarter of the flagstone.

6.2 Characteristics of the grid

Many nodes: 169

Number of meshes and type: 144 QUAD4

6.3 Sizes tested and results

| Identification | Type of Reference | Reference | % Tolerance |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| $DZ(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $7,895.10^{-5}$ | 8 % |
| $MXX(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550 | 3 % |
| $MYY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550 | 3 % |
| $KXX(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,351.10^{-4}$ | 3 % |
| $KYY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,351.10^{-4}$ | 3 % |

The sizes are expressed in the reference mark defined by the nautical angles $\alpha=33^\circ$ and $\beta=12^\circ$.

| Identification | Type of reference | Reference | Tolerance |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| $DZ(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $7,895.10^{-5}$ | 8 % |
| $MXX(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550.0 | 3 % |
| $MYY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 1550.0 | 3 % |
| $MXY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 0. | 0.1 |
| $KXX(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,351.10^{-4}$ | 3 % |
| $KYY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | $2,351.10^{-4}$ | 3 % |
| $KXY(AI)$ | 'ANALYTICAL' | 0. | 0,001 |

| Identification | | | Type of reference | Reference | Tolérance% |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| <i>MXX</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 1512.79 | 1.e-6 |
| <i>MYY</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 1515.82 | 1.e-6 |
| <i>MXY</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | -0.6749 | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KXX</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 2,294 10 ⁻⁴ | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KYY</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | 2,301 10 ⁻⁴ | 1.e-6 |
| <i>KXY</i> | <i>M266</i> | <i>Point 1</i> | 'NON_REGRESSION' | -1,601 10 ⁻⁷ | 1.e-6 |

6.4 Remarks

7 Summary of the results

By comparing the results of four modelings with the analytical solution, one observes:

- DKTG : to the maximum 5 % of variation for displacements, and 8% for the moment and the curve.
- Q4GG : to the maximum 8% of variation for displacements, and 3% for the moment and the curve.

One can thus estimate that these modelings validate modeling DKTG and the model GLRC in elastic behavior, modeling Q4GG and the model ELAS.