

SSLV324 - Elliptic crack in a 3D body subject to tensile loading

Abstract:

This test box models has double diffusion elliptic crack within a 3D body subject to tensile loading. The purpose is to study the idealised behaviour of the crack using linear-elastic-fracture mechanics.

1 Reference problem

1.1 Geometry

The specimen configuration is near ENTED in half symmetry, ace shown in figure 1. It re-presscubic s.a with dimensions ($h = w = t = 16$) containing has double diffusion, elliptic ace with dimensions $c = a = 1$. The specimen is subjected to has tensile load perpendicular to the planes of the ace and represents pure fashion 1 ace opening.

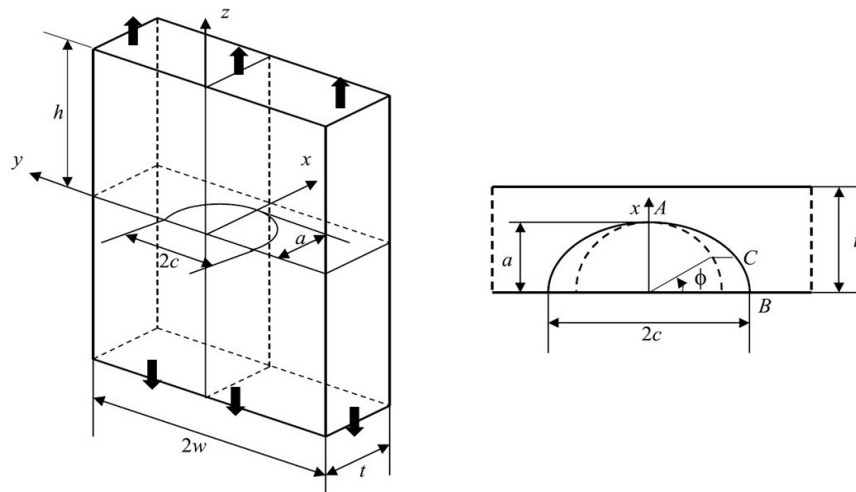


Fig.1 Specimen geometry

1.2 Material properties

The material of the specimen is assumed to Be homogeneous isotropic linear elastic with the following parameters:

- Young modulus $E = 200\,000\text{ Mpa}$,
- poisson' S ratio $\nu = 0,3$.

1.3 Boundary conditions and loading

The structure is subjected to has tensile stress ($\sigma = 1\text{ MPa}$). Had to symmetry, only one quarter of the elliptical ace is considered and symmetric conditions are implemented one two faces `FACE_LAT` and `FACE_AV`.

2 Reference solution

2.1 Method used for the reference solution

For has circular ace of radius a in year medium infinity, subjected to has uniform tension σ_0 according to the normal to the planes of the ace lips, T-stress is independent of the curvilinear X-coordinate along the ace face s and is expressed in the following way [1]:

$$T(s) = -\sigma_0$$

2.2 Reference results

By Considering the numerical been worth of the statement, we get: $T = -1 \text{ MPa}$.

2.3 Bibliographical references

- 1 X . Wang , Elastic T_stress solutions for semi-elliptical surface aces in finite thickness punts Engineering Fractures Mechanics , 70 (2003) 731-756

3 Model A

3.1 Mesh

The Quadratic mesh of structure is provided ace has MED format . Had to symemetry, only one quarter of the str CPU ture is represented, ace shown in figure 2.

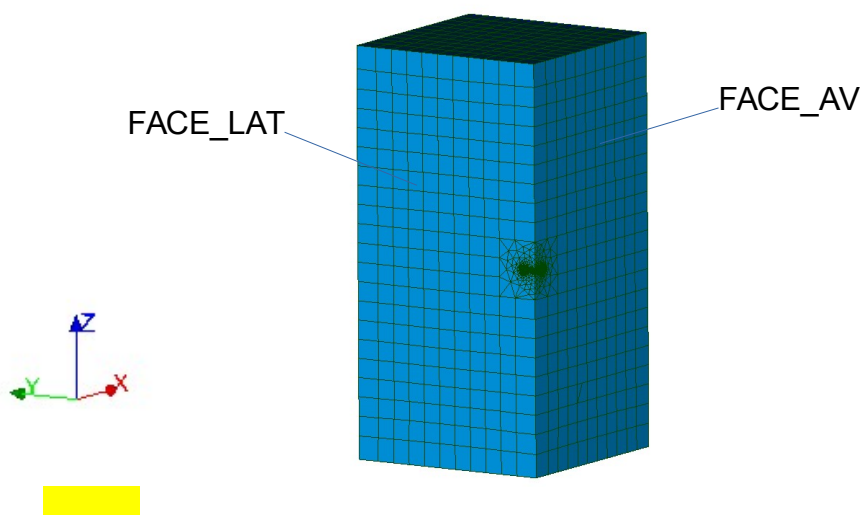
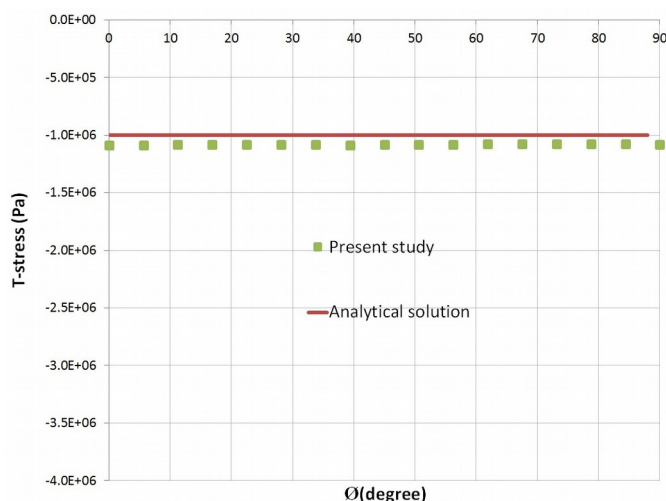


Fig.2 Mesh

3.2 Quantities tested and results

| Identification | Type of Reference | Reference | % tolerance |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------|
| T - MAX | ANALYTICAL | -1.E6 | 5.0 |
| T - MIN | ANALYTICAL | -1.E6 | 5.0 |



4 Conclusion

Results are in good agreement with the theory.