Macro-order CALC_STABILITE

1 Goal

Lmacro-order has CALC_STABILITE allows to determine the stability of periodic solutions obtained by MODE_NON_LINE, while basing itself on the theory of Floquet, by a diagram of temporal integration and a calculation with the eigenvalues. At exit, it updates the column STABILITY table of the periodic solutions.

This macro-order can enrich an existing concept or produces a new concept of the type table_container.
Contents

1 Goal ...................................................................................................................................................... 1
2 Syntax .................................................................................................................................................. 3
3 Operands .............................................................................................................................................. 4
   3.1 Keyword MODE_NON_LINE ........................................................................................................ 4
   3.2 Keyword SCHEMA_TEMPS .......................................................................................................... 4
      3.2.1 Operand DIAGRAM .............................................................................................................. 4
      3.2.2 Operand NB_INST ................................................................................................................ 4
   3.3 Keyword TOLERANCE ................................................................................................................ 4
   3.4 Keyword FILTER ........................................................................................................................ 4
      3.4.1 Operand NUME_ORDRE ....................................................................................................... 4
      3.4.2 Operand FREQ_MIN ............................................................................................................. 4
      3.4.3 Operand FREQ_MAX ............................................................................................................. 5
      3.4.4 Operand PRECISION ............................................................................................................. 5
   3.5 Keyword INFORMATION ............................................................................................................. 5
2 Syntax

resu_out [table_container] = CALC_STABILITE {
    ◊ reuse = resu_out,
    ◊ MODE_NON_LINE = resu_in, [table_container]
    ◊ SCHEMA_temps = _F {
        ◊ DIAGRAM = 'NEWMARK', [DEFECT]
        ◊ NB_INST = /1000, [DEFECT]
            /nbinst, [R]
    },
    ◊ TOLERANCE = /1.E-2, [DEFECT]
        /tol, [R]
    ◊ FILTER = _F {
        ◊ NUME_ORDRE = num_ordr, [I]
        / FREQ_MIN = freq_min, [R]
    },
    ◊ INFORMATION = /1, [DEFECT]
        /2,
}

Warning: The translation process used on this website is a "Machine Translation". It may be imprecise and inaccurate in whole or in part and is provided as a convenience.
Copyright 2020 EDF R&D - Licensed under the terms of the GNU FDL (http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/fdl.html)
3 Operands

3.1 Keyword `MODE_NON_LINE`

- `MODE_NON_LINE`
  
  Concept of the type `table_container` resulting from a calculation with the operator `MODE_NON_LINE`.

3.2 Keyword `SCHEMA_TEMPS`

- `SCHEMA_TEMPS`
  
  Under this keyword factor, one can inform a diagram of integration with, possibly, its parameters. The diagrams available are to be declared under the operand `DIAGRAM`.

3.2.1 Operand `DIAGRAM`

- `DIAGRAM = 'NEWMARK'`
  
  Choice of the algorithm of temporal integration. For the moment, only the diagram of Newmark is possible. It is an Schéma of implicit temporal integration allowing the solution of linear ordinary differential equation. It is the diagram by default.

3.2.2 Operand `NB_INST`

- `NB_INST`
  
  The resolution is carried out over one period of a given periodic solution. The value `nbinst` allows to define the discretization for the resolution. The more the number of dds is raised, the more `nbinst` must be large. By default `nbinst = 1000`.

3.3 Keyword `TOLERANCE`

- `TOLERANCE`
  
  `tol` is the value of control on the error of the coefficients of Floquet $\gamma_i$, which makes it possible to rule on the stability of the periodic solution. If $\forall i, |\gamma_i| > (1 + tol)$ then the periodic solution is unstable if not it is stable.

3.4 Keyword `FILTER`

- `FILTER`
  
  Filter the periodic solutions on which the calculation of stability will be carried out. By default, the calculation of stability is carried out on all the periodic solutions of `resu_in`.

3.4.1 Operand `NUME_ORDRE`

- `NUME_ORDRE`
  
  This keyword makes it possible to calculate the stability on a list of sequence number. The keyword is not valid if the keyword `FREQ_MIN` is present.

3.4.2 Operand `FREQ_MIN`

- `FREQ_MIN`
  
  This keyword makes it possible to define the lower limit of the beach of frequency $[\text{freq}\_\text{min}, \text{freq}\_\text{max}]$. Stability is calculated if the frequency of the periodic solution is in this beach of frequency. The keyword is not valid if the keyword `NUME_ORDRE` is present.
3.4.3 **Operand FREQ_MAX**

◊ FREQ_MAX

This keyword makes it possible to define the upper limit of the beach of frequency \([\text{freq}_{\text{min}}, \text{freq}_{\text{max}}]\). Stability is calculated if the frequency of the periodic solution is in this beach of frequency.

3.4.4 **Operand PRECISION**

◊ PRECISION

This keyword (optional) makes it possible to give a precision of the terminals of the beach of frequency \([\text{freq}_{\text{min}}, \text{freq}_{\text{max}}]\).

3.5 **Keyword INFORMATION**

Entirely allowing to specify the level of impression in the file MESSAGE. If \(\text{INFO}=1\), one displays if the solution is stable or unstable for the sequence number of the periodic solution. If \(\text{INFO}=2\), one also displays the absolute error and relative of resolution by the diagram of temporal integration, as well as the greatest coefficient of Floquet.

---

*Warning: The translation process used on this website is a "Machine Translation". It may be imprecise and inaccurate in whole or in part and is provided as a convenience.*

*Copyright 2020 EDF R&D - Licensed under the terms of the GNU FDL (http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/fdl.html)*